Brackish Groundwater Characterization System (BRACS)

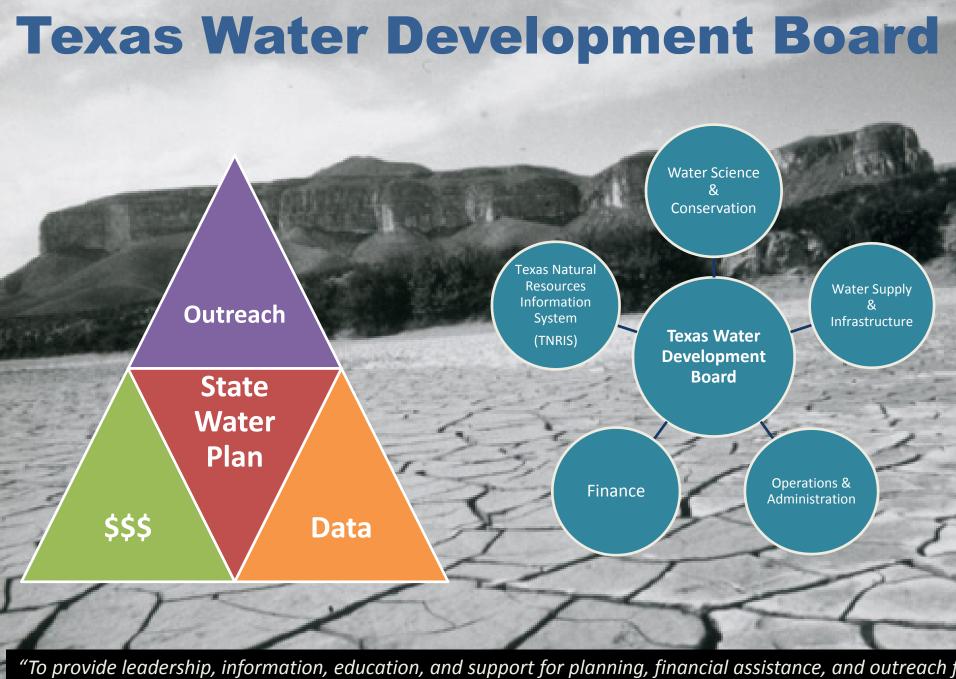
Andrea Croskrey, P.G.

Texas Ground Water Association Annual Convention & Trade Show January 24, 2018

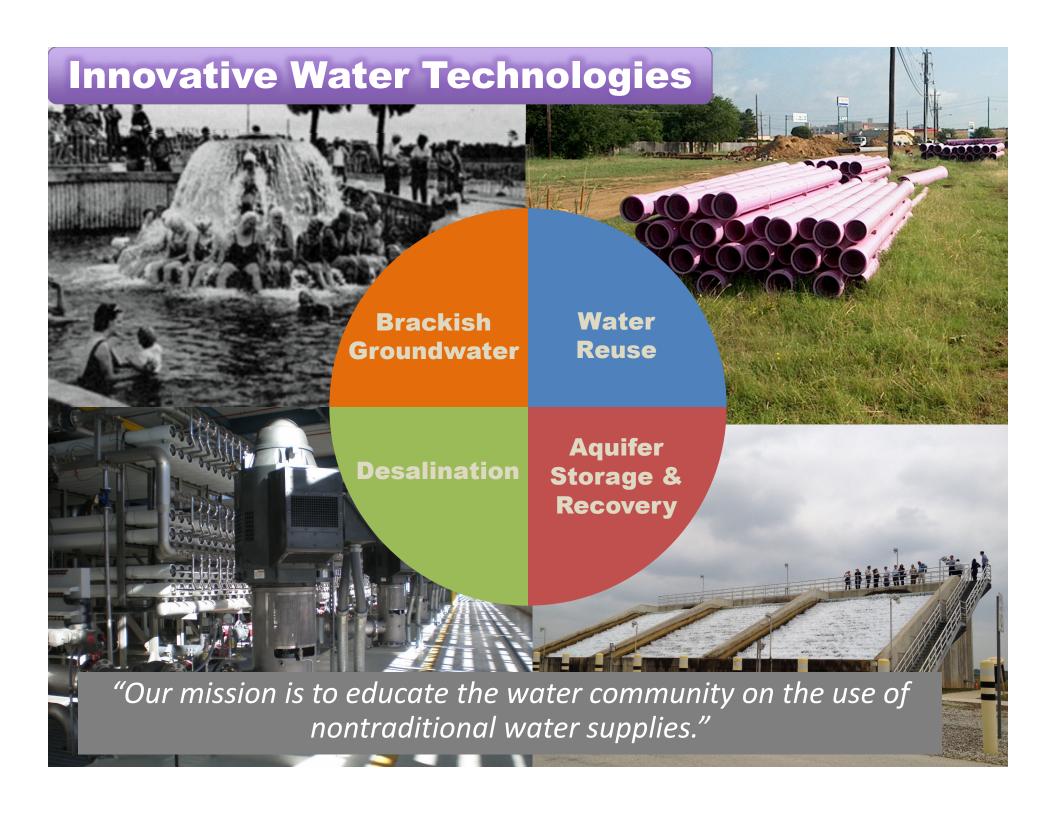
Unless specifically noted, this presentation does not necessarily reflect official Board positions or decisions.







the conservation and responsible development of water for Texas"



What is brackish groundwater?

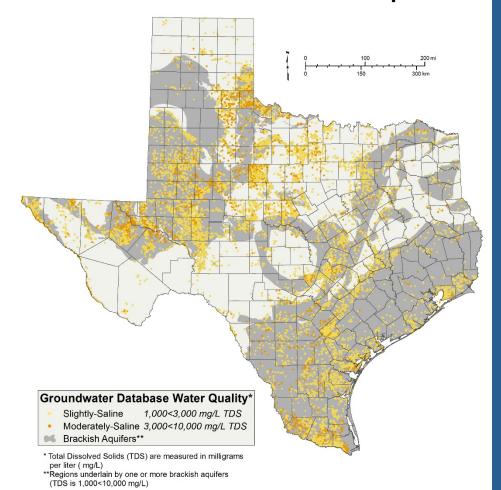
saltier than fresh water, less salty than seawater

Groundwater Salinity Classification	Salinity Zone Code	Total Dissolved Solids Concentration (units: milligrams per liter)	
Fresh	FR	0 to 1,000	Drinking Water
Slightly Saline	SS	1,000 to 3,000	Limit Major/Minor
Moderately Saline	MS	3,000 to 10,000	Aquifer Mapped Limit
Very Saline	VS	10,000 to 35,000	← Seawater
Brine	BR	Greater than 35,000	

1 acre-foot (AF) = 326,000 gallons or 43,560 cubic feet or 1,233 cubic meters (approximately)

Why study brackish aquifers?

Brackish Wells and Brackish Aquifers



If a well had more than one Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) measurement, the most recent measurement was used. No claims are made to the accuracy or completeness of the information shown herein or to its suitability for a particular use. For more information visit http://www.twdb.texas.gov/innovativewater/Dracs/index.asp.

Texas Water

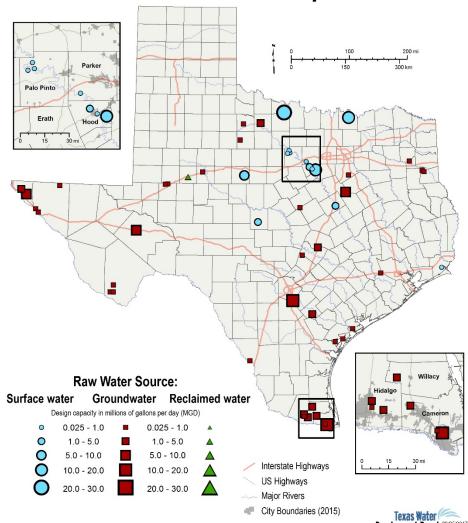
Development Roard 01/13/2017

- ✓ 2.7 billion acre-feet in Texas!
 - 2003 study
 - Statewide
 - 30 major and minor aquifers
 - Contracted report by LBG-Guyton
- ✓ Need detailed information
 - Typically deeper
 - Fewer existing wells
 - Aquifer extents limited

Why study brackish aquifers?

- Growing interest in desalination
- ✓ It can be used today!
 - Over 30 plants already in Texas
 - Salt tolerant crops
 - Oil and gas industry
- Available throughout the state
- Less expensive than seawater
 - Location and abundance
 - Energy costs
 - Existing infrastructure
 - Technology
 - Concentrate disposal

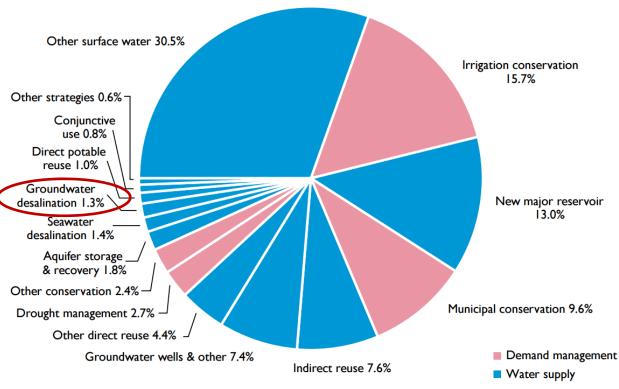
Public Water Supply Desalination Plant Capacities



Why study brackish aquifers?



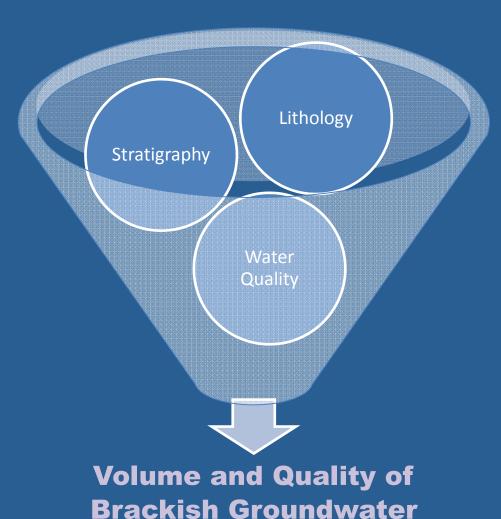
Figure ES.7 - Share of recommended water management strategies by strategy type in 2070



- ✓ It is part of the plan!
 - 2017 State Water Plan
- √ 111,000 acre-feet (1.3%) water supply filling the gap between projected 2070 demand and supply
- ✓ 8 of the 16 Regional Water Planning Areas

How to conduct a BRACS study?

General Methodology



Area (Extent)

X

Thickness (Net Sand)

X

Porosity (Specific Yield)

=

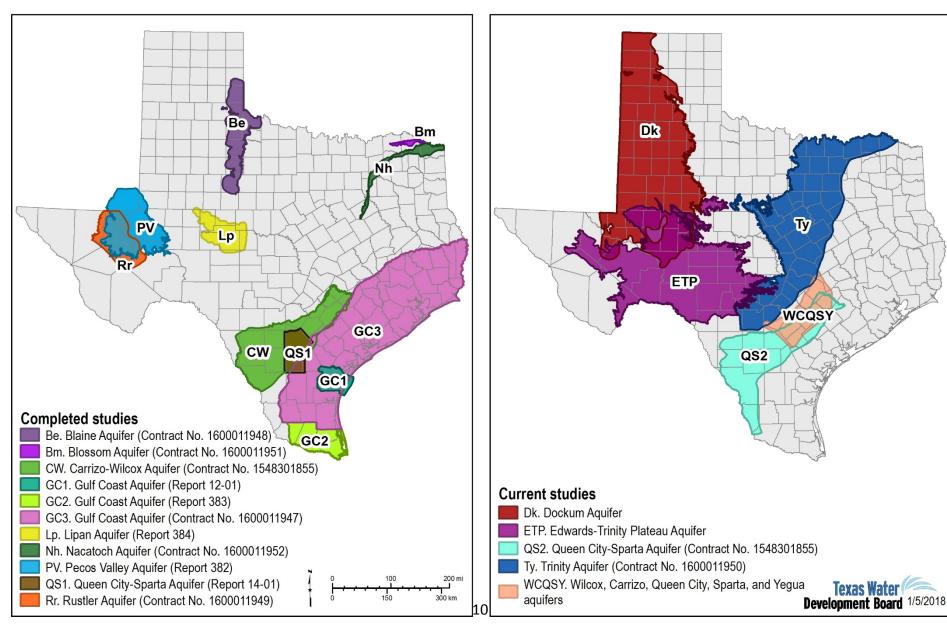
Volume (acre-feet)

How to conduct a BRACS study?

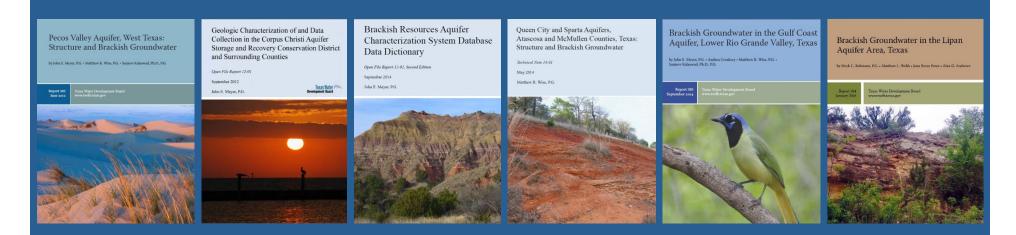
- ✓ Collect data
 - Contact stakeholders
 - Well logs (water, oil/gas)
 - Enter data into database
 - Build GIS files
- ✓ Compile aquifer properties
 - Establish the framework
 - Estimate saturated zones
 - Net sand and/or porosity analysis
 - Chemistry
 - Productivity
- ✓ Chemical parameters important to desalination
- Estimate volumes of water
- ✓ Provide data to stakeholders

^{*}Aquifer requires unique analysis based on data availability and local hydrogeology*

Brackish Resources Aquifer Characterization System (BRACS) Program



Project Deliverables



The real value of a study is in the data!

Stakeholders can use this to evaluate potential groundwater exploration areas. BRACS Database

Published reports

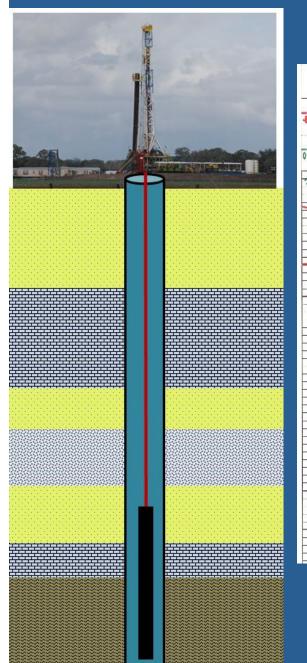
GIS Datasets

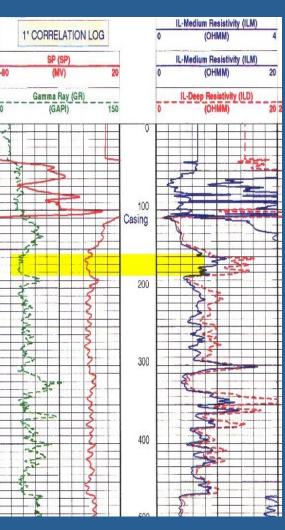
Well logs

www.twdb.texas.gov



What is a Geophysical Well Log?





- "electrical logging" and "wireline logging"
- A tool or combination of tools lowered into a borehole on a wireline and retrieved to the surface.
- ✓ Tools are designed to record specific parameters.
- ✓ Tool response recorded in left and right tracks.
- ✓ Logs must be corrected for a number of parameters.
- ✓ Complete and accurate header information vital to performing the corrections.

www.twdb.texas.gov



Q Search site

Search

Connect with us:











Home Board SWIFT Financial Assistance Water Planning Groundwater Surface Water Flood Conservation Innovative Water

BRACS Database

The Brackish Resources Aquifer Characterization System (BRACS) Database was designed to store well and geology information in support of projects to characterize the brackish groundwater resources of Texas. The BRACS database is fully relational, with self-documenting object naming. The database design relies on extensive use of lookup tables. The BRACS database is a Microsoft Access 2007 format that has been compressed with the WinZip utility. This database will be updated periodically; the date of the last update is embedded in the filename.

This database was developed for use by TWDB staff in support of the BRACS program. The information changes on a daily basis and users should read the disclaimer below. If you have any questions, please contact John Meyer at 512-463-8010.

A data dictionary to accompany the BRACS Database is now available for download. The dictionary describes each primary table in the database and custom tables developed for a study.

- Brackish Resources Aquifer Charaterization System Database Data Dictionary, Third Edition, TWDB Open File Report 12-02, April 2017 (3 MB)
- Brackish Resources Aquifer Charaterization System Database Data Dictionary, Second Edition, TWDB Open File Report 12-02, September 2014 (3 MB)
- Brackish Resources Aquifer Characterization System Database Data Dictionary, First Edition, TWDB Open File Report 12-02, November 2012 (13.6 MB)

Aquifer Storage and Recovery

Brackish Resources Aquifer Characterization System

- BRACS FAQs
- BRACS Studies
- Brackish Groundwater Production Zones
- BRACS Database
- BRACS GIS Data
- BRACS Well Logs
- BRACS TWDB Documents
- BRACS Useful Links

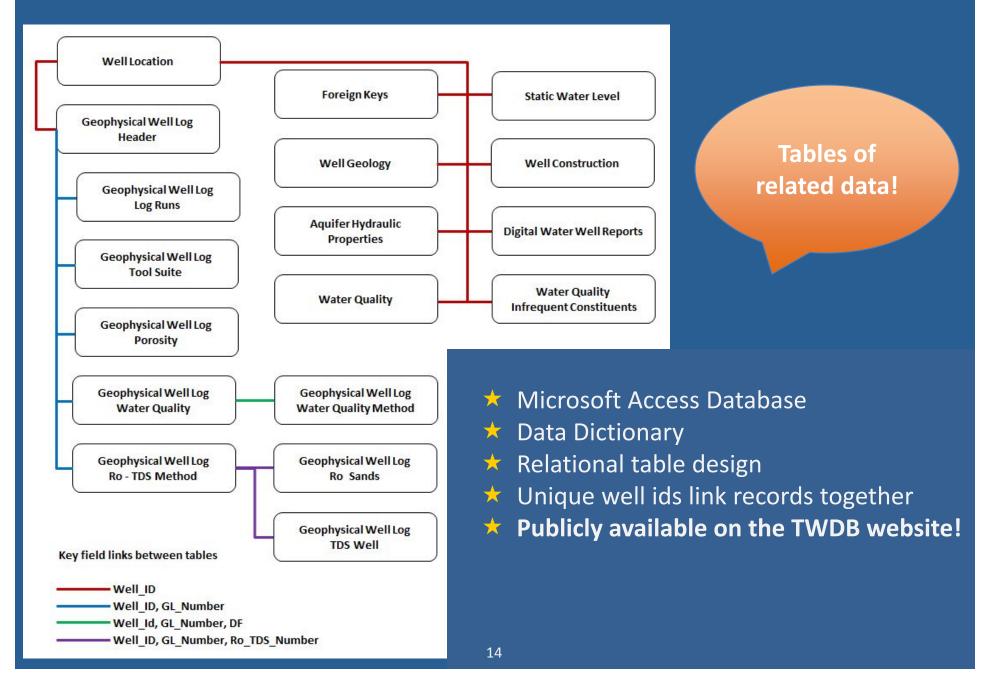
Desalination

Rainwater Harvesting

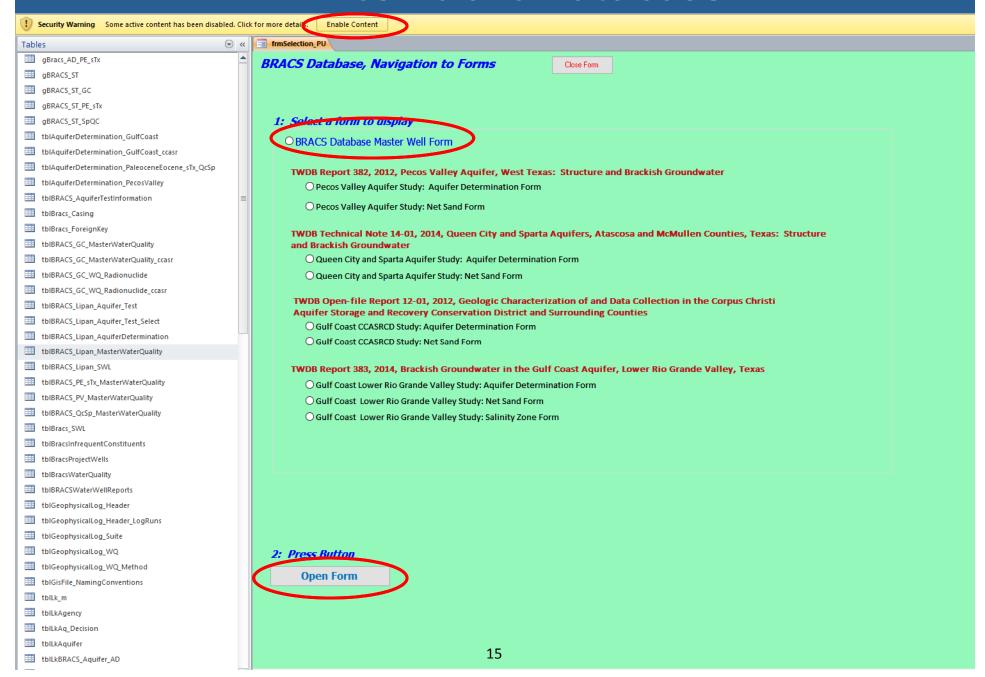
Water Reuse

Innovative Water Technologies Staff

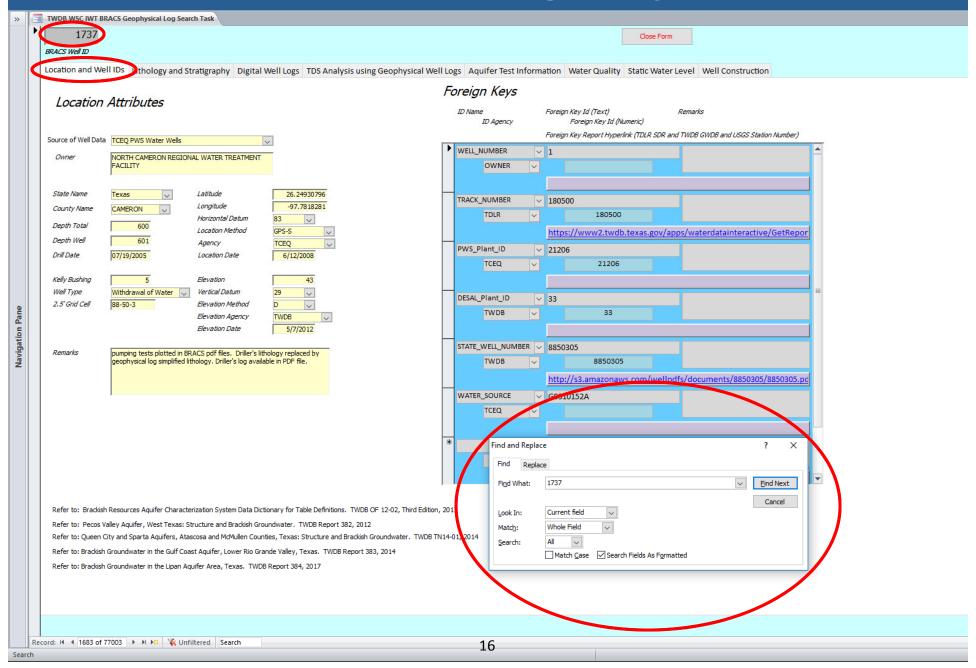
What is the BRACS Database?



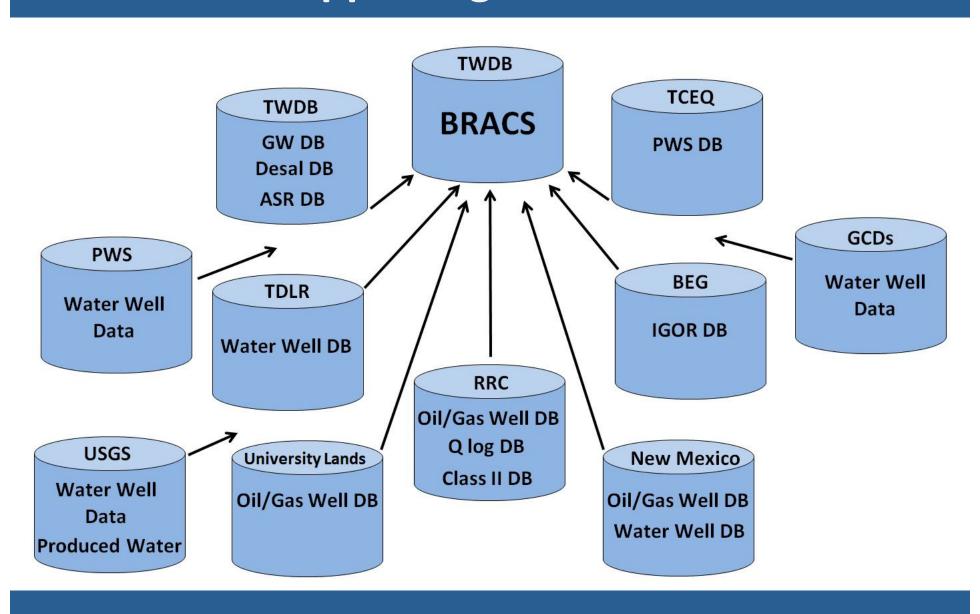
BRACS Public Database



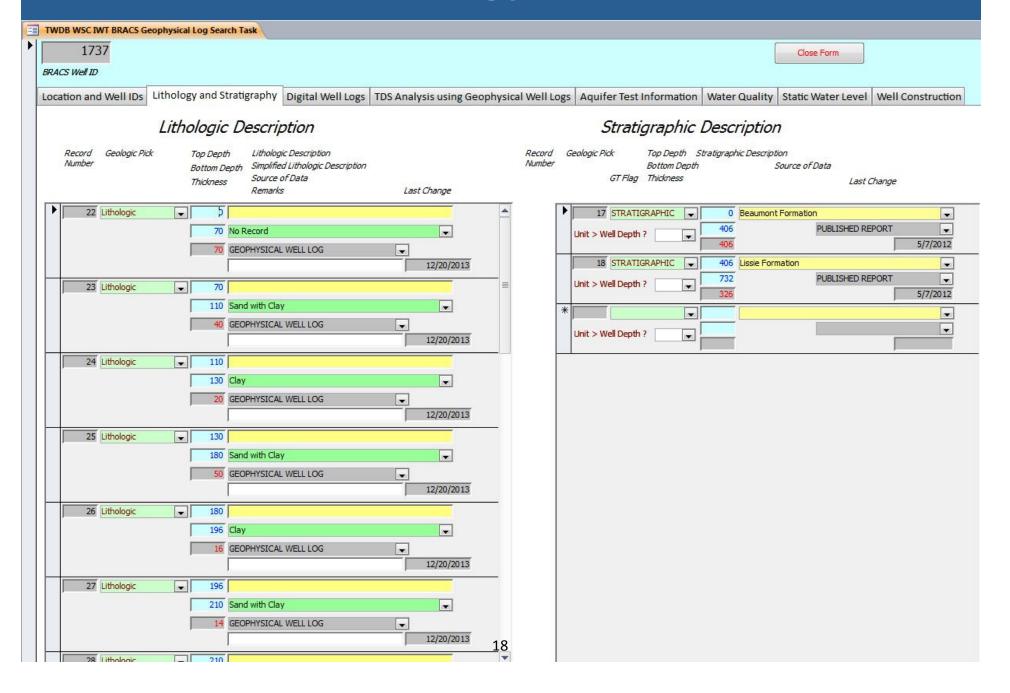
Location and Foreign Key tables



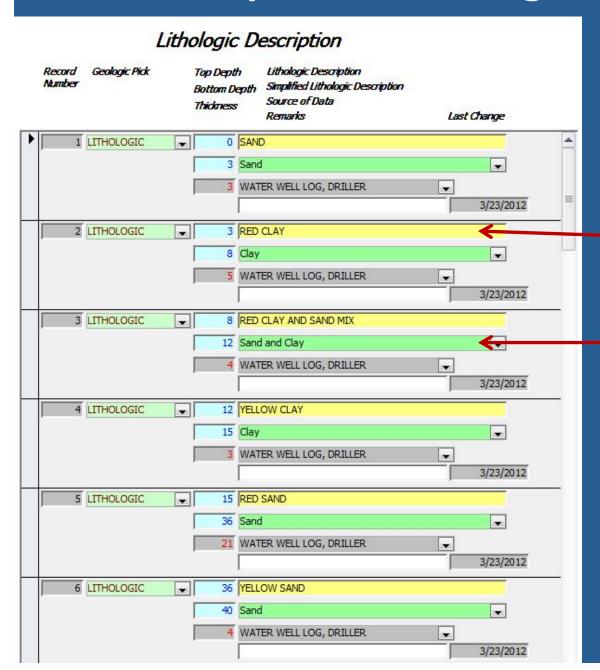
Supporting Databases



Geology table



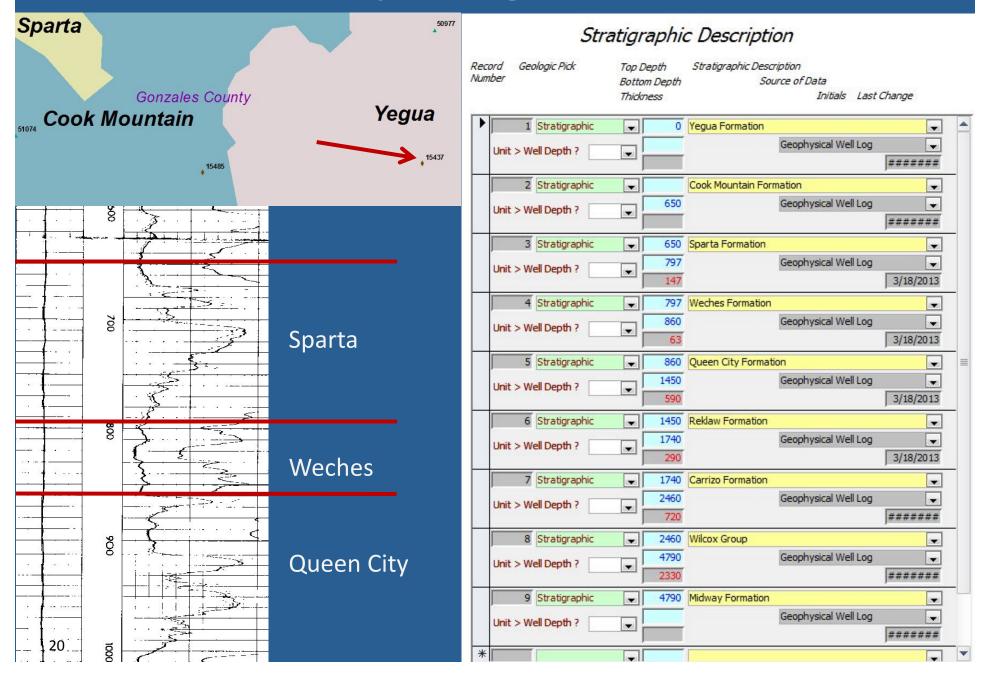
Simplified Lithologic Description



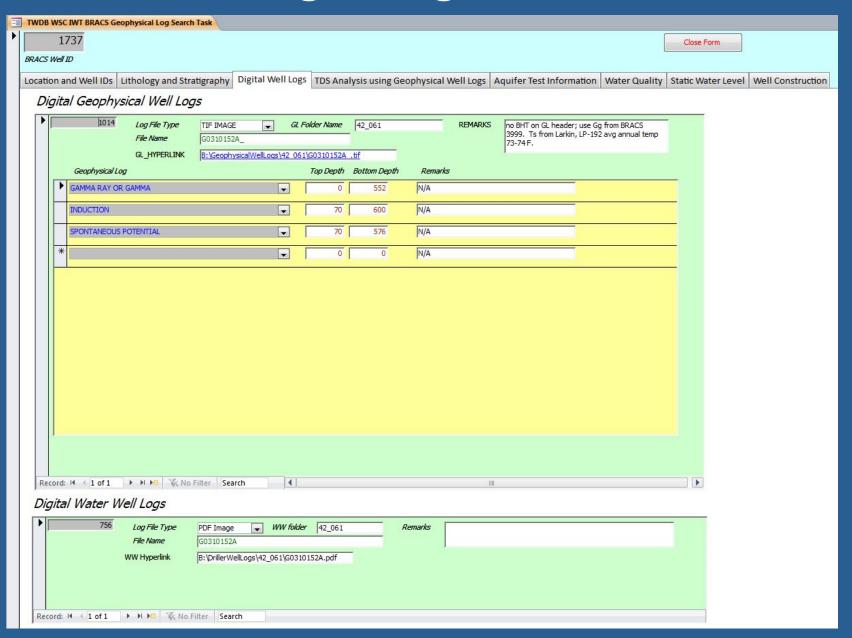
Description from well report

Simplified description from well report or geophysical log interpretation

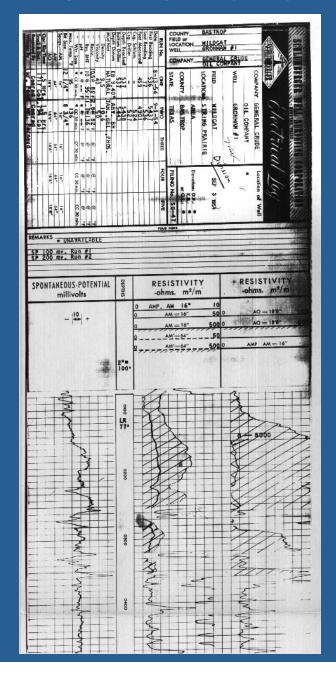
Link map to log to database



Digital log tables

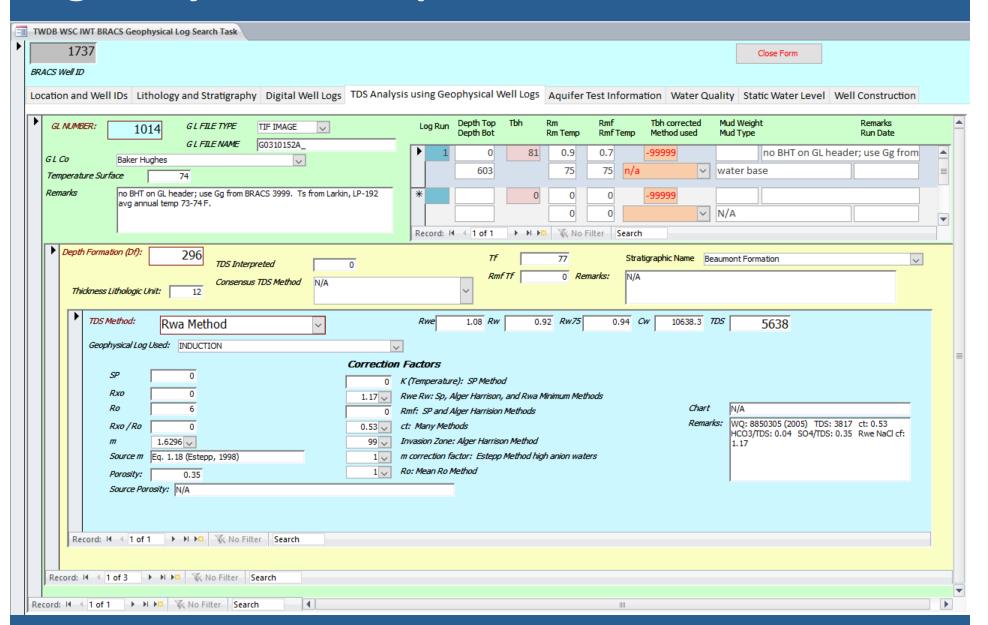


Digital geophysical and water well logs

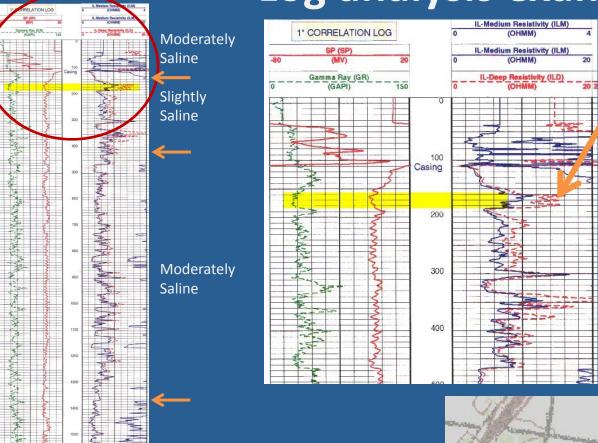


ATTENTION OWNER: Confidentiality Privilege Natice on Fleverse Side Gonzale: County Water S	WE	ate of Texas	r	Please use black ink. exas Water Well Drillers Advisory Council P.O. Box 13087 Austin, TX 78711-3087 512-239-0530		
OWNER Gonzales County (Nam ADDRESS OF WELL: County Gonzales			(Girent of Fil D)			7862 (Zip
County GONZAIES	8 miles N. of Gon (Street, RFD or other)	zales (F.		GRID # _	67-20-9	
3) TYPE OF WORK (Check):	4) PROPOSED USE (Check):	1-21	(State) (Zip) Environmental Soil Boring			
X New Well ☐ Deepening Reconditioning ☐ Plugging	☐ Industrial ☐ Irrigation ☐ If Public Supply well, were plan	Injection (X P	ublic Supply De-watering f	☐ Domestic ☐ Testwell	5)	
6) WELL LOG:	DIAMETER OF HOLE					
Date Drilling: Started 10-24- 19 96 Completed 11-10- 19 96	Dia. (in.) From (ft.) To (ft.) 18 1/2 Surface 748 11 1/2 748 830	Ar Hammer				
From (ft.) To (ft.) Description	n and color of formation material					
0 - 5 Top Sc 5 - 68 Clay (il Yellow)	[] Ur	nole Completion (Check): [derreamed [] Gravel Packer rel Packed give Interval from _	d □ Other	Straight Wall	n.
68 - 150 Sand & 150 - 184 Sand	Shale		LANK PIPE, AND WELL SCRE			
184 - 266 Shale		New	Steel, Plastic, etc.		ng (ft.)	
266 - 270 Sand		Dia. or (in.) Used	Perl., Slotted, etc. Screen Mfg., if commercial	From	To To	Gage Castin
270 - 296 Shale		122/4 New	Steel	4	748	Scree
296 - 302 Sand 302 - 306 Sand &		8 5/8 New		702	750	-
306 - 353 Sand &	Shale	8 5/8 Nev	Screen Mfg.	750	820	
353 - 386 Shale						
386 - 513 Sand &	Shale	9) CEME	NTING DATA [Rule 338.44(1)]			
513 - 672 Sand	onate	Cemer	ited from 0 ft. to 74	8 It. No. of sa	cks used 4	20
672 - 675 Shale		4	1L to	ft. No. of sa	cks used	
675 - 700 Sand			used Pressure			
(Use reverse side if n	ecessary)		Medby <u>Internationa</u>			
3) TYPE PUMP: N/A		Distanc	e to septic system field lines or of	ther concentrated co	ontamination	200 m
☐ Turbine ☐ Jet ☐ Submersible	☐ Cylinder	Method	of verification of above distance	measured		
Other		10) SURFA	CECOMPLETION			-
Depth to pump bowls, cylinder, jet, etc.,	n.		cified Surface Slab Installed [Ru	le 338 44(2)(A)(
¥ (1.00)		☐ Spec	cified Steel Sleeve Installed [Rul	e 338.44(3)(A))		
4) WELL TESTS: Type test: [X Pump (*) Bailer (*)		☐ Pitle	ss Adapter Used [Rule 338.44(3	B)(b)[
Type test: 1X Pump ☐ Bailer ☐ Yield: 1471 gpm with 252 ft.	Jetted [Estimated	☐ Appr	oved Alternative Procedure Used	[Rule 338.71]		
1110. 1471 gpm with 232 H	drawdown after 36 hrs.	11) WATER	LEVEL:			-
5) WATER QUALITY:			vel 65 ft. below land so	utaca Data	2-23-96	
Did you knowingly penetrate any strata which	h contained underlands	Artesian	flowgpm	Date_	-	_
consinuerits r				5510		
Yes X No If yes, submit "REPORT	OF UNDESIRABLE WATER*	12) PACKER	RS:	Type	Depth	
Type of water? Good Dep	th of strata 750-820	N/A				
Western	□ No				200 C - 11 Feb 12	
Was a chemical analysis made? X Yes		1				
Was a chemical analysis made? [X Yes						
Was a chemical analysis made? [X Yes	under my supervision) and that each	and all of the sta	ements herein are true to the bes	st of my knowledge	and helief 1	
Was a chemical analysis made? [X Yes ereby certify that this well was drilled by me (or derstand that failure to complete items 1 thru 15	Tere	o ioi conquescera	ris reagonitial.		and belief, I	
Was a chemical analysis made? [X Yes ereby certify that this well was drilled by me (or derstand that failure to complete items 1 thru 15 DMPANY NAMECude_Drilling,	Inc.	o ioi conquescera	ements herein are true to the beauth of the		and belief, I	
Was a chemical analysis made? [X Yes ereby certify that this well was drilled by me (or derstand that laiture to complete items 1 thru 15 pmpAny NAME Cude Drilling, (Type or p	Inc.	WELL DR	ILLER'S LICENSE NO. 27		and belief, I	
Was a chemical analysis made? [X Yes oreby certify that this well was drilled by me (or destand that laiture to complete items 1 thu 15] OMPANY NAME Cude Drilling, (Type or p DRESS P. 0. Box 8	Inc.	WELL DR	ILLER'S LICENSE NO. 27	38W Texas	78064	_
Was a chemical analysis made? [X Yes oreby certify that this well was drilled by me (or destand that laiture to complete items 1 thu 15] OMPANY NAME Cude Drilling, (Type or p DRESS P. 0. Box 8	Inc.	WELL DR Pleasanto (City)	n. 27	38W		
was a chemical analysis made? [X Yes energy certify that this well was drilled by me (or derstand that laiture to complete items tithru its energy certify that the complete items tithru its energy certification of the complete items tithru its energy certification of the complete items titled by the complete items titled by the complete items to comple	Inc.	WELL DR	n. 27	38W Texas	78064	

Log analysis to interpret Total Dissolved Solids



Log analysis example



At 160 ft = 15 ohm-meter

R_{wa} Minimum Method interpreted TDS = 2,500 mg/L

Water Well
TDS concentration = 2,264 mg/L
(well screen 170-349 ft)

Geophysical Well Log: 42889

TDS: 2264

Hidalgo

Salinity AreaK

BRACS Well ID 42889

Source: Lower Rio Grande Valley BRACS Study

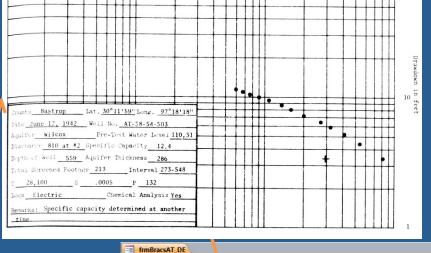
Very Saline

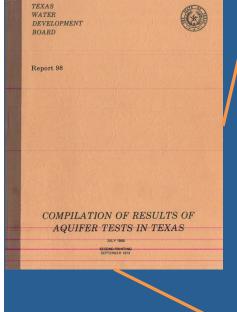
Brine

Aquifer properties table

===	TWE	DB WSC IWT BRACS G	eophysical Log Search Task									
•		1737									Close Form	
	BRAC	CS Well ID									4.	
	Loca	ation and Well IDs	Lithology and Stratigraphy	Digital Well Logs	TDS Analysis using	g Geophysica	al Well Log	s Aqui	ifer Test Information	Water Quality	Static Water Level	Well Construction
1												
	•	0	8850305		Source AT Data	TWE	B Ground	water D	atabase	-		
		Record Number	State Well Number									
				Test	Length	36			Depth Well	541		
		Date Test	09/01/2005	Statio	Water Level	-22.85			Screen Top	364		
		Pumping Rate	1476	Pump	ing Water Level	-168.15			Screen Bottom	541		
		Well Yield Method	Pumped	₽ Draw	down	145	D/R)				
				100 - 100								
		Transmissivity	-99999	* If T is e	xpressed as a range of ie in [Transmissivity] fiel	values, then pla	ace alue in					
		Transmissivity 2*	-99999 Units	[Transmiss	ivity 2] field	o di la dinale i re						
		Hydraulic Conductivit	-99999	-								
			Units	<u> </u>								
		Storage Coefficient	-99999									
		Specific Yield	-99999									
		Specific Capacity	10.17 gpm/ft	-								
			Units					1				
		Remarks										
		A-A-i-B										
		Analysis Remarks										
		Report 98 Page										
		No										
	Da	ecord: I4 1 of 2	▶ ► ► ► ► No Filter Sea	rch		25						
	I we	Levidi () I UI Z	TV HO I III See	13.11								

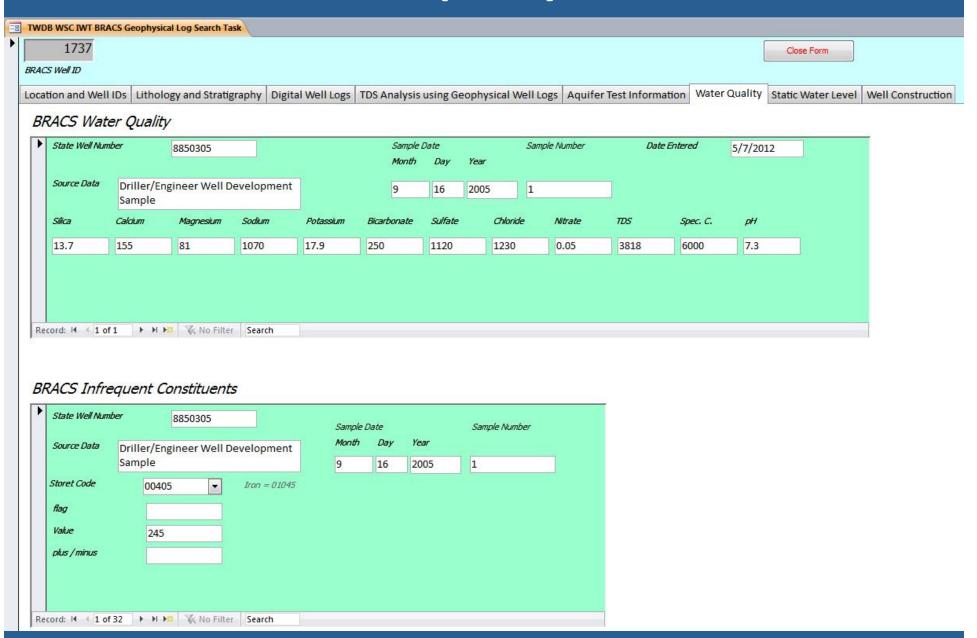
Link aquifer properties to source



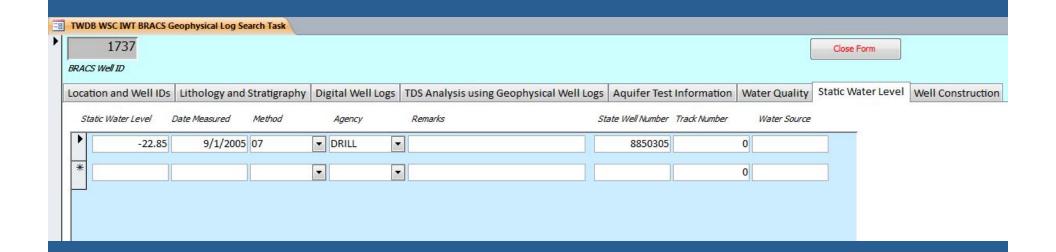


•	We		In v. of T	exas Cancer		BRACS Aquifer Test Data Entry						
	•	0 Record Number		State We	5854503 Il Number		Source AT Data	TWDB Published Repo	orts	•		
		Date Test Pumping Rate Well Yield Met	Ė	.2/1942 810	Test Length Static Water L Drawdown		-110.31 -99999	D/R	Depth Well Screen Top Screen Bottom	559 273 548		
		Transmissiv Transmissiv Hydraulic Conductivit	vity 2*	28100 -99999 132	Units	• t	* If T is expressed as then place larger valu iield and smaller valu 2] field	ie in [Transmissivity]		Specific Capacity		
		Storage Coefficient Specific Yie Specific Cap	ld	-99999 -99999	Units	•						
		Remarks Analysis Re	marks	Test results	only in TWDB files. Als	so R 109,	Table 6, p. 30					
		Report 98 Page No	A	63								

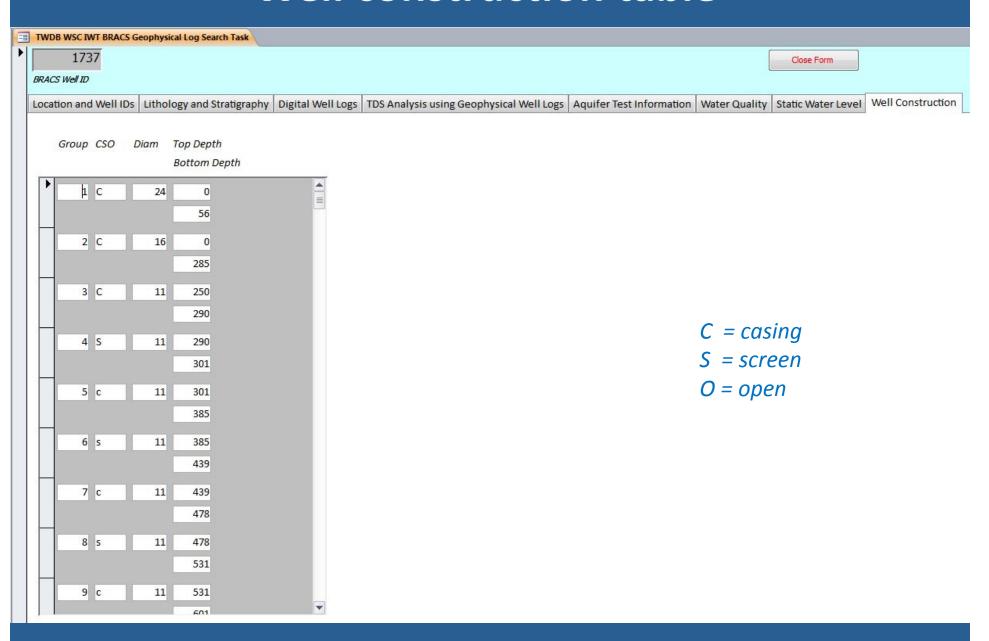
Water quality table



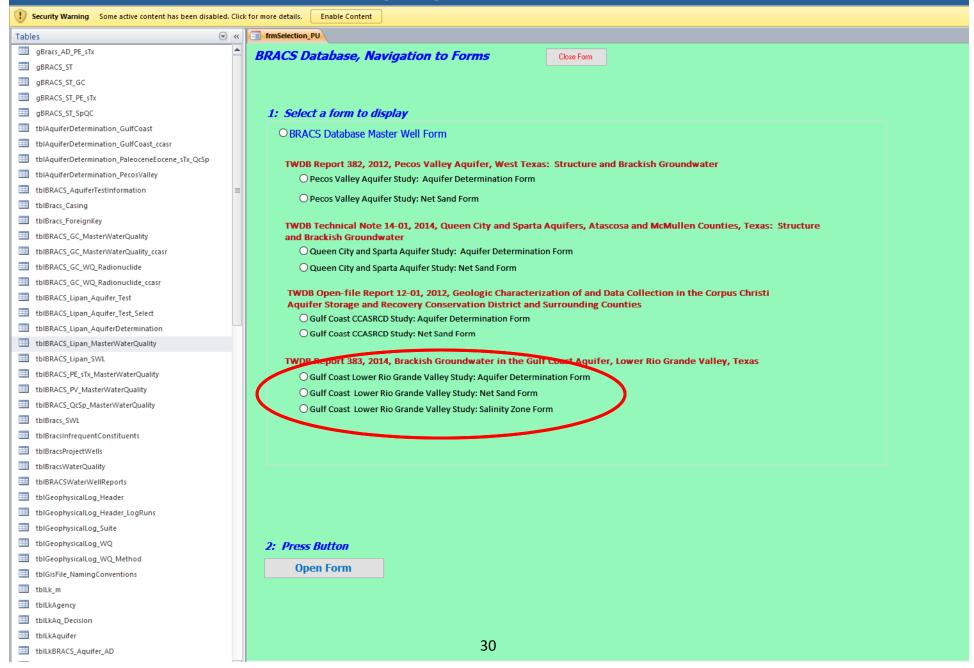
Static water level table



Well construction table



Study specific tables



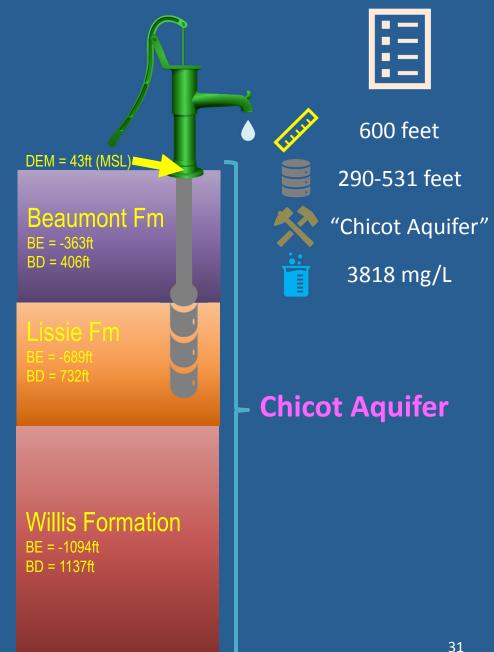
How and why aquifer determination?

How?

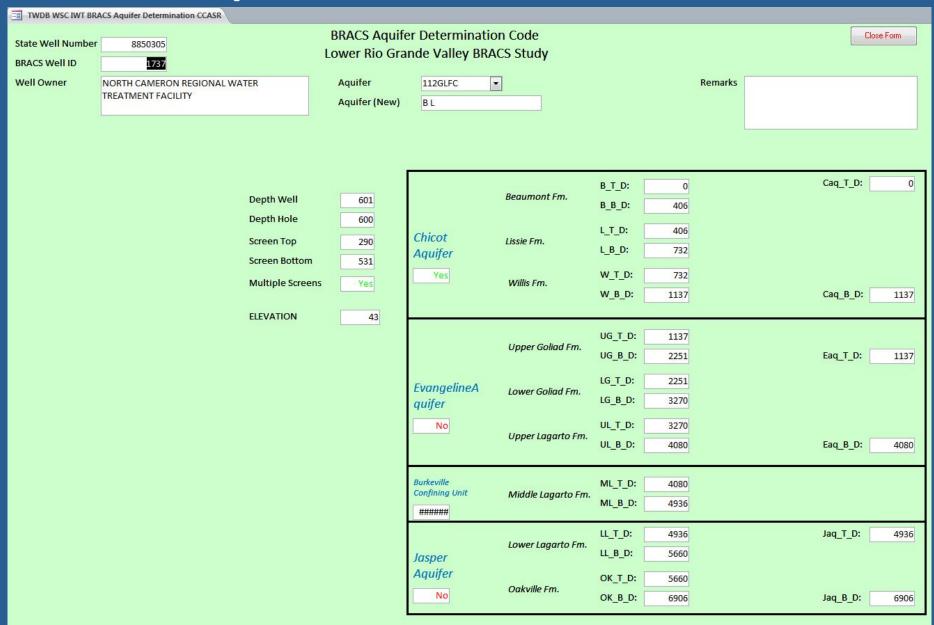
- Use screen top & bottom or well depth or total depth of hole
- 2. Use the GIS-derived 3-D formation surfaces as vertical control
- Assign aquifer(s) to each well in the study area

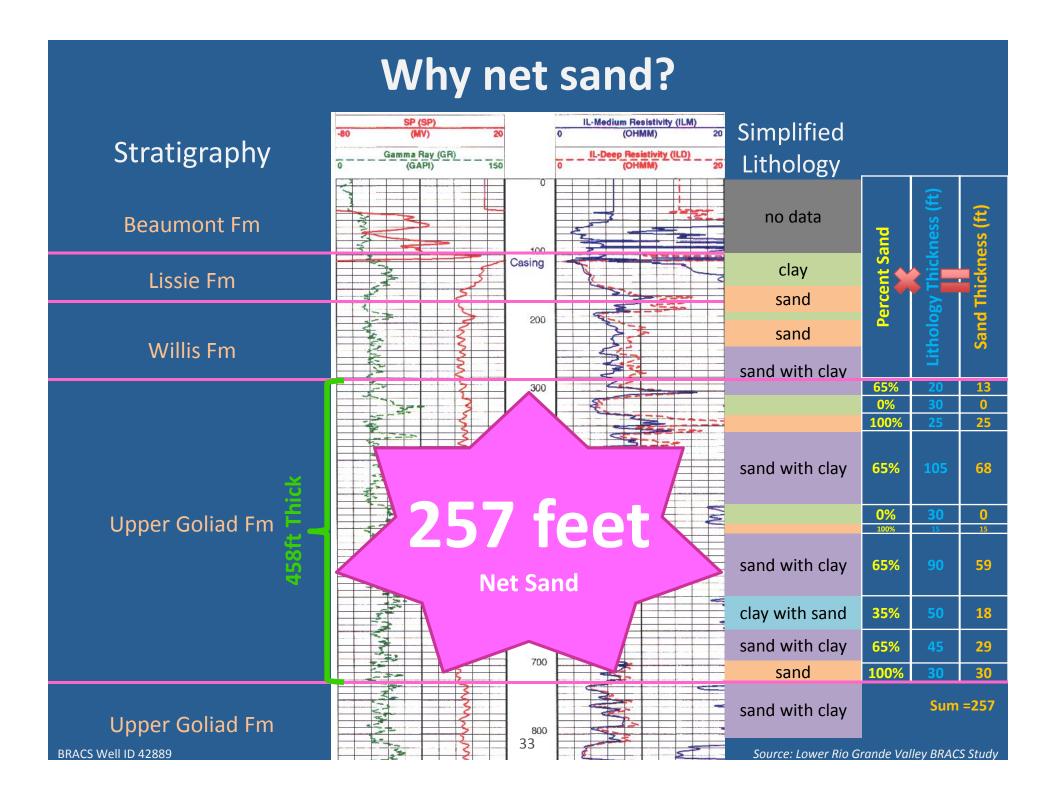
Why?

- Many new wells do not have TWDB aquifer code
- Some TWDB wells have incorrect aquifer code
- Compare wells completed in same aquifer
- Consistent evaluation of aquifer water quality and properties

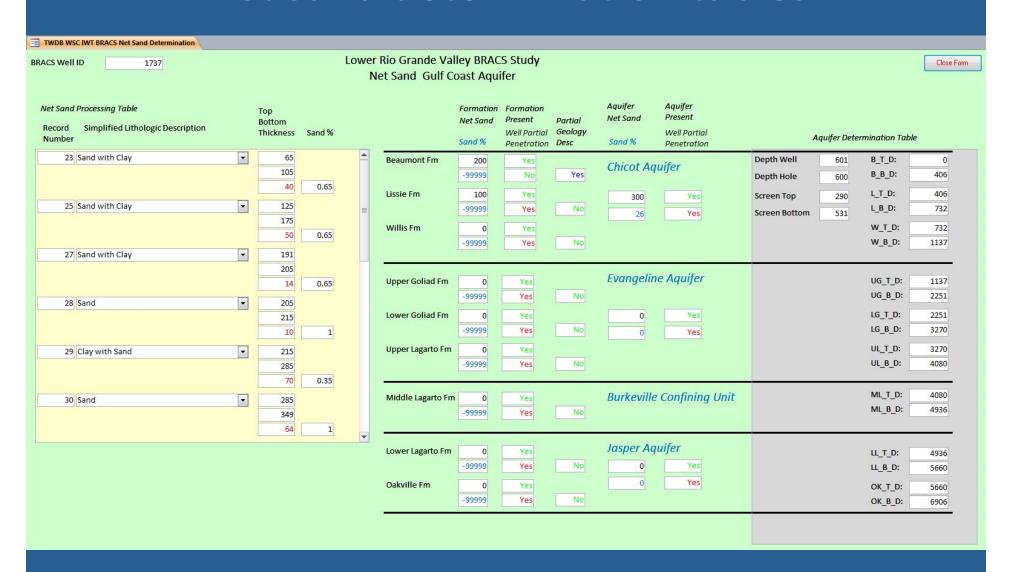


Aquifer determination table





Net sand determination tables



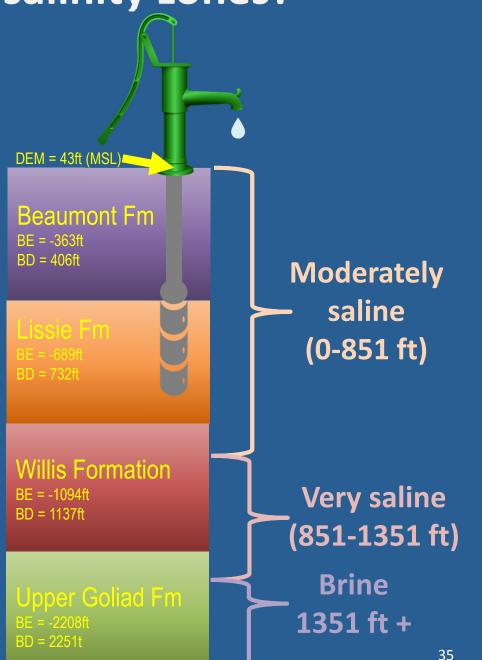
How and why salinity zones?

How?

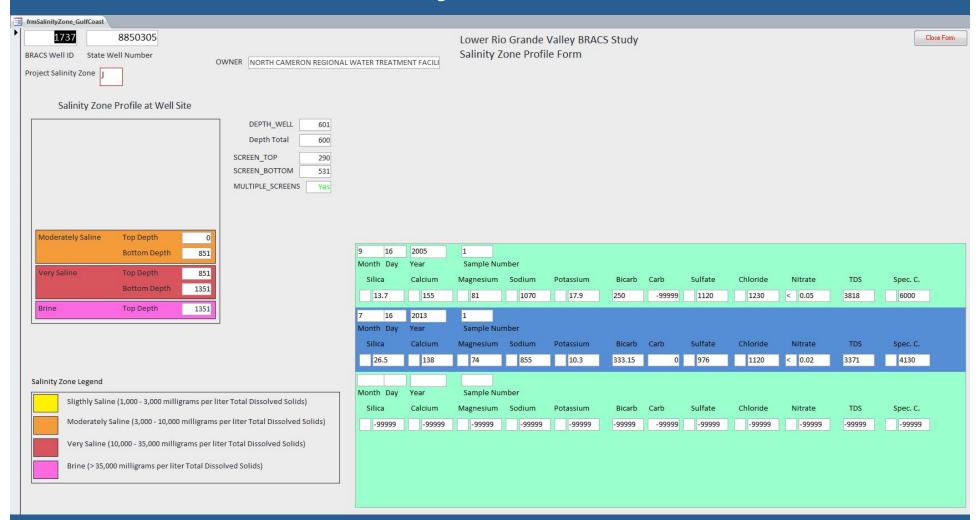
- Use measured and interpreted water quality
- 2. Use the GIS-derived 3-D salinity zone surfaces as vertical control
- 3. Assign salinity zone(s) to each well in the study area

Why?

- Some formations contain multiple salinity zones
- Salinity does not always increase with depth in shallower portions of the aquifer
- ✓ Some salinity zone boundaries exist independent of the stratigraphic formations



Salinity zone table



Download Our Database!

http://www.twdb.texas.gov/innovativewater/bracs/database.asp

BRACS Database

The Brackish Resources Aquifer Characterization System (BRACS) Database was designed to store well and geology information in support of projects to characterize the brackish groundwater resources of Texas. The BRACS database is fully relational, with self-documenting object naming. The database design relies on extensive use of lookup tables. The BRACS database is a Microsoft Access 2007 format that has been compressed with the WinZip utility. This database will be updated periodically; the date of the last update is embedded in the filename.

This database was developed for use by TWDB staff in support of the BRACS program. The information changes on a daily basis and users should read the disclaimer below. If you have any questions, please contact John Meyer at 512-463-8010.

A data dictionary to accompany the BRACS Database is now available for download. The dictionary describes each primary table in the database and custom tables developed for a study.

Brackish Resources Aquifer Charaterization System Database Data Dictionary, Third Edition, TWDB Open File Report 12-02, April 2017 (3 MB)

Brackish Resources Aquifer Characterization System Database Data Dictionary

Open File Report 12-02, Second Edition

John E. Meyer, P.G.



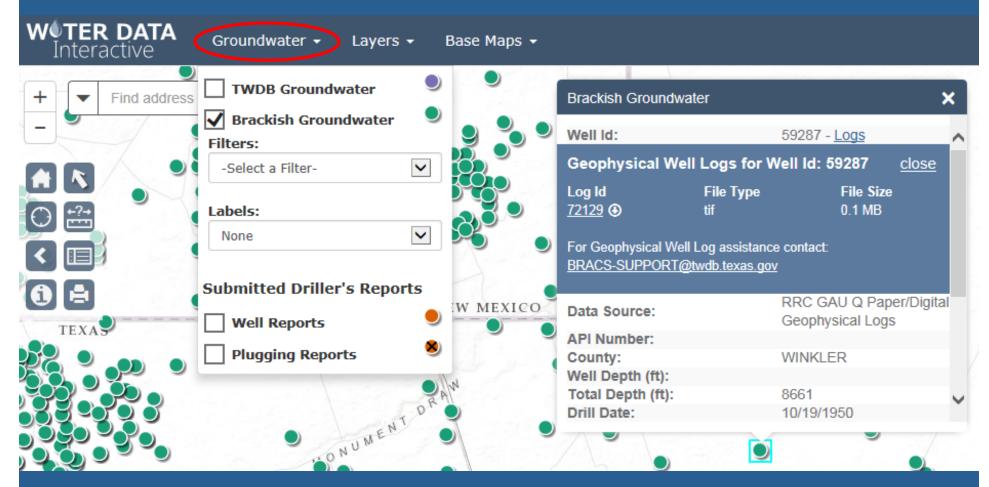


How to get geophysical well logs?

1. Download logs on a per well basis using Water Data Interactive website

https://www2.twdb.texas.gov/apps/waterdatainteractive/groundwaterdataviewer

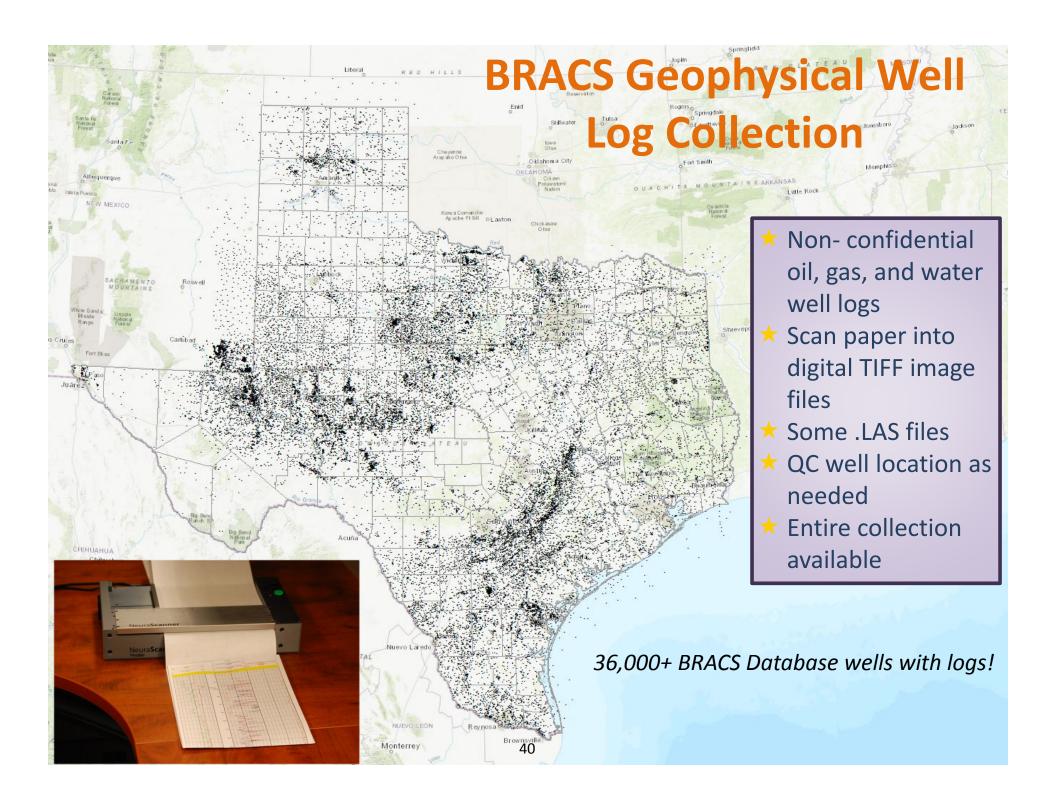
...or search "TWDB Water Data Interactive"...



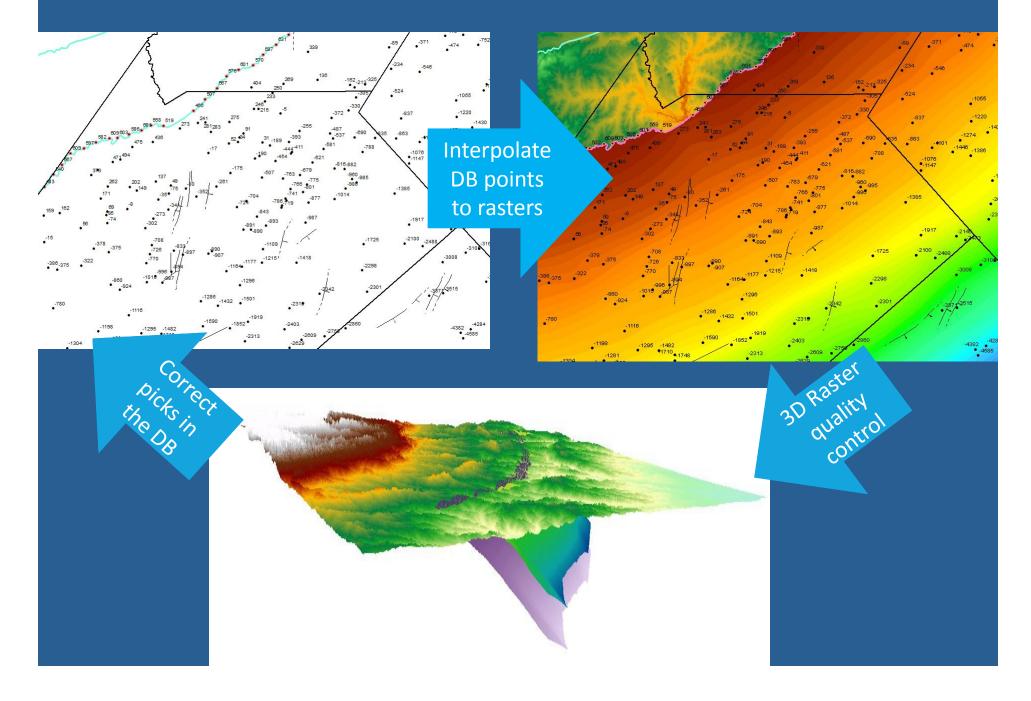
Requesting a large volume of logs

- 2. Instructions for requesting a large volume of logs on a county basis http://www.twdb.texas.gov/innovativewater/bracs/WellLogs.asp
 Email: BRACS-SUPPORT@twdb.texas.gov
- Contact a BRACS team member
- ★ We can provide a few logs via email if the file size is < 10 megabytes
- We can provide logs per county
 - You provide an empty USB drive
 - You provide a postage-paid, return envelope
- File type is generally a TIFF (tagged image file format)
- Geophysical logs are free of charge

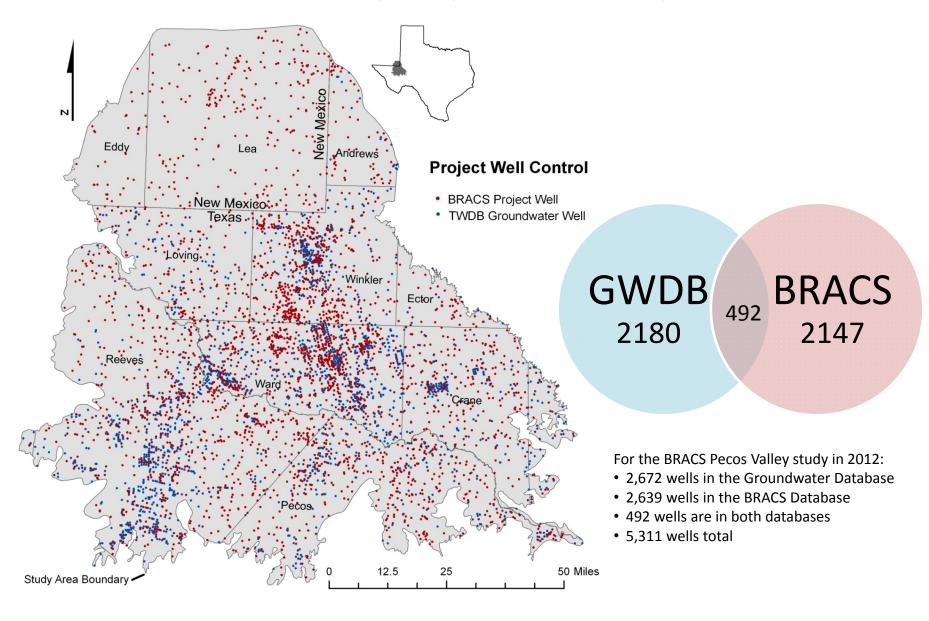
Schlumberger Blueview free log viewing software



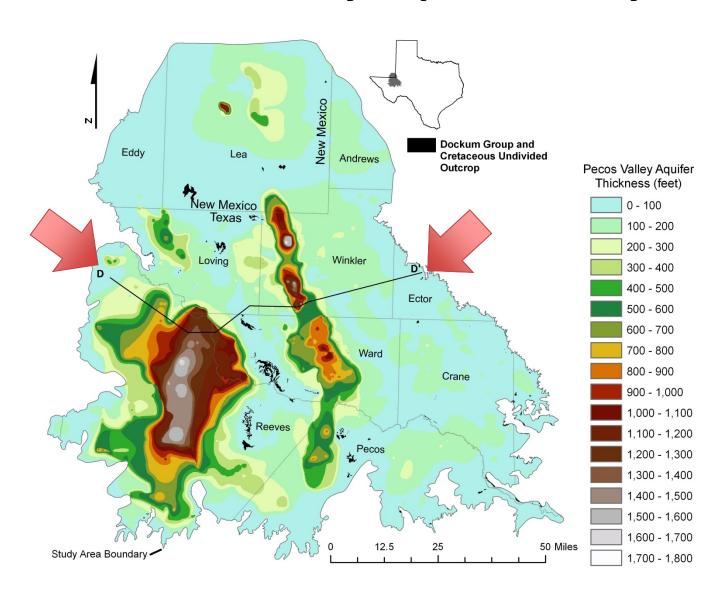
What about GIS data?



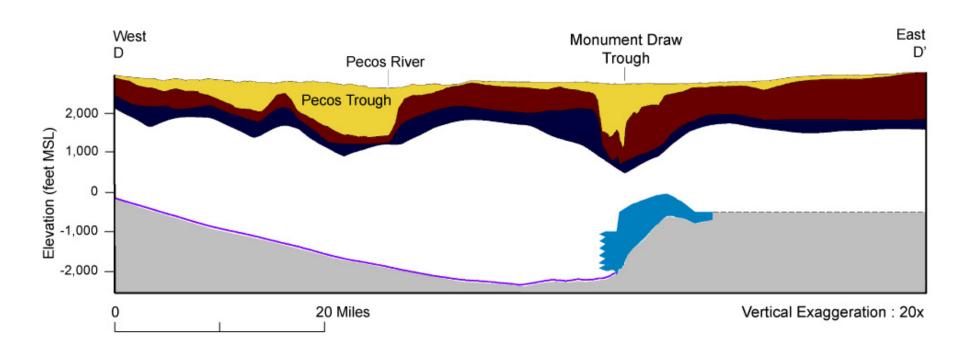
Pecos Valley Aquifer Study GIS



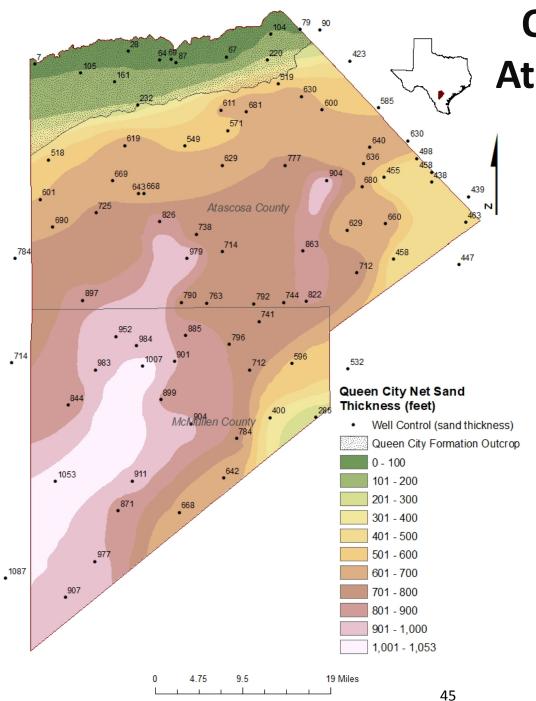
Pecos Valley Aquifer Study GIS



Pecos Valley Aquifer Study

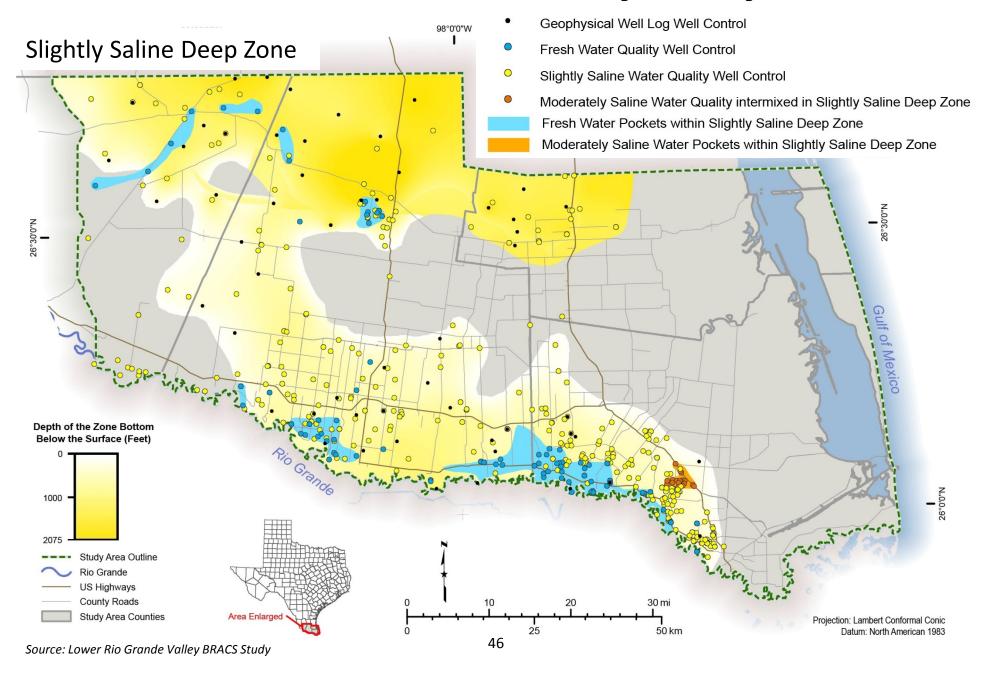






Queen City and Sparta Atascosa and McMullen GIS example

Lower Rio Grande Valley Study GIS



Salinity Areas A through G Groundwater Salinity Total Dissolved Solids Classification Concentration (units: milligrams per liter) Fresh 0 to 1,000 Slightly Saline 1,000 to 3,000 Moderately Saline 3,000 to 10,000 Very Saline 10,000 to 35,000 Brine Greater than 35,000 Salinity Profiles A В C D E F G SS Shallow 2 VS Shallow 1 MS Shallow 5 MS Intermediate MS Shallow 4 MS Shallow 4 SS Deep SS Deep SS Deep SS Deep SS Deep MS Deep

VS Deep

BR Deep

Lipan Study GIS example

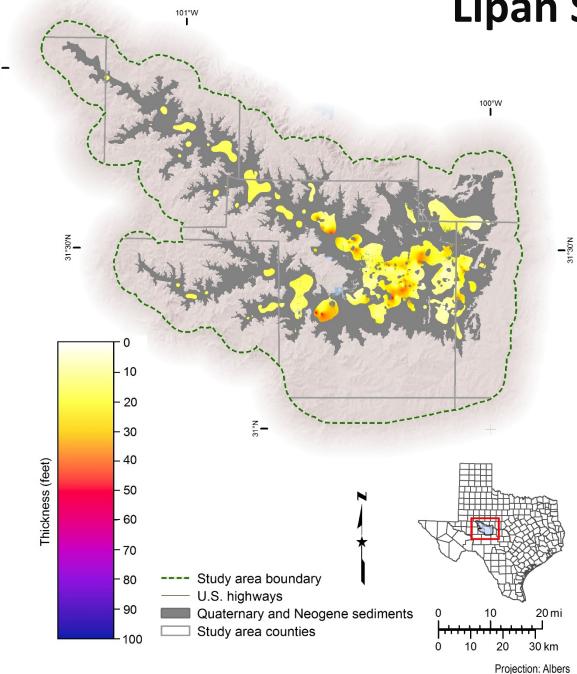
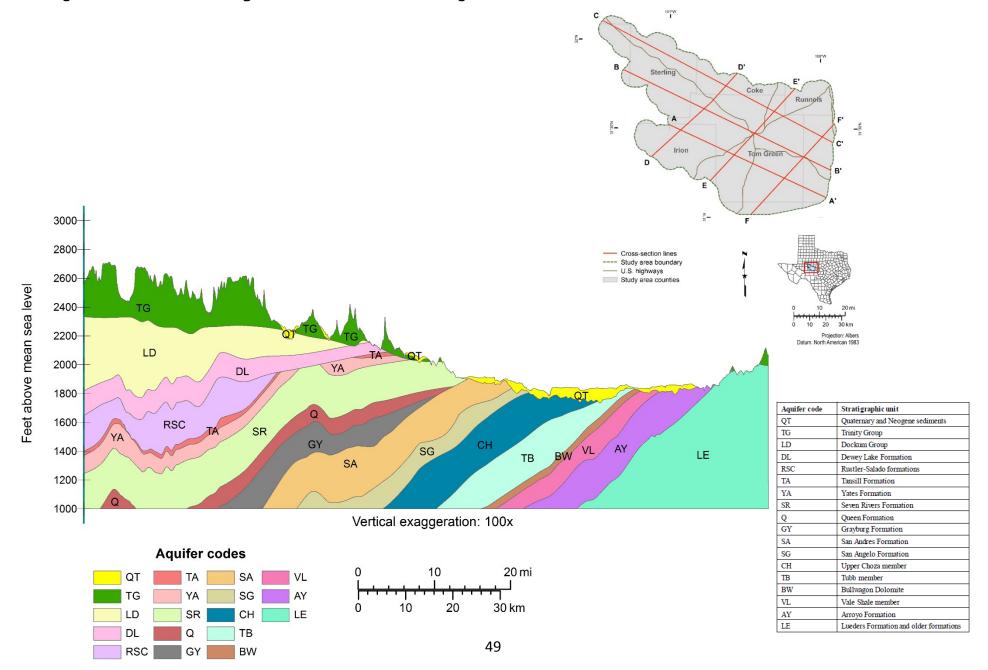


Figure 7.2-4. Isochore map of the caliche zone. Thickness values are in feet. The dark gray area denotes the areal extent of the Quaternary and Neogene sediments.

48

Datum: North American 1983

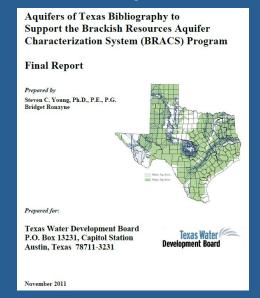
Lipan Study GIS example



Guidance Manual Fiberglass Casing Use in Texas Public Supply Wells Prepared for: Texas Water Development Board Prepared by: RWHARDEN SASSOCIATES... In association with:

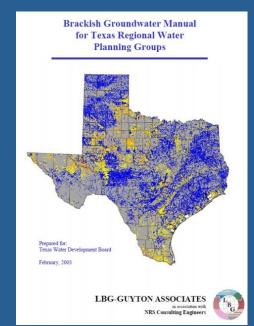
NORRISLEAL

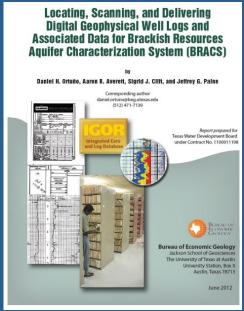
Other contract reports of interest...

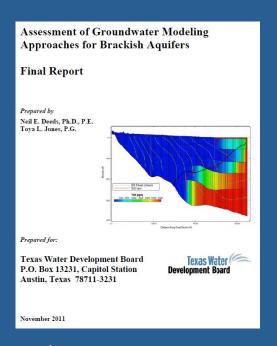


Prepared for: Upper Colorado River Authority and Texas Water Development Board April 2008 LBG-GUYTON ASSOCIATES

Freese and Nichols, Inc.







http://www.twdb.texas.gov/innovativewater/desal/projects.asp http://www.twdb.texas.gov/innovativewater/bracs/studies.asp

Summary

- ★ Groundwater Desalination is part of the Texas Water Plan
- ★ Detailed brackish groundwater resource evaluation
- ★ Studies can be used to support aquifer storage and recovery evaluations by characterizing an aquifer in great detail
- ★ BRACS study deliverables available on TWDB website
 - Well logs
 - GIS data
 - Database
- ★ Bulk geophysical well log files by county available upon request

Thank you for your support and patience!

Andrea Croskrey, P.G.

Innovative Water Technologies, Texas Water Development Board andrea.croskrey@twdb.texas.gov (512) 463-2865

www.twdb.texas.gov/innovativewater/index.asp



